Unit 3: Sustainability and Vertical Gardens

Overview: Students reflect on the role that humans play in maintaining the balance and sustainability of Earth's systems. By the end of the school year, students will be able to develop an action plan for change that uses evidence-based arguments. Students will be able to explain how direct and indirect changes to natural systems influence the systems and how they can be an agent for change.

Students will explore vertical gardening and ecosystems using the middle school's outdoor classrooms (Pond, Bernzomatic Garden and Greenhouse). Students will explore school gardening and space limitations by creating vertical gardens to create an additional outdoor classroom in an underutilized school courtyard.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	Essential Questions
Unit 3	• MS-LS1-6	Sustainability	What is sustainability?
Sustainability and Vertical Gardens	 MS-LS1-6 MS-LS1-7 MS-ESS3-2 MS-ESS3-3 MS-ESS3-4 WIDA 4 	 Sustainability Classroom Gardening 	 What is sustainability? Why is sustainability important? How do the actions of one generation affect future generations? What can students learn about sustainability from vertical gardening? What can students learn about sustainability from the outdoor classrooms? How can we reduce waste from the Greenhouse by composting? How can we use the Greenhouse to maintain the plants that will be grown in the Vertical Garden©?

Unit 3:	
Enduring	
Understandings	

- Students will be able to define sustainability as the ability to meet the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. These actions will allow students to activate their vision of a sustainable future, and develop a plan for achieving it.
- Students will explore their current understandings of sustainability, sustainable development and examine what this definition implies about meeting human needs now and in the future.
- Students will compare and contrast vertical farming to traditional farming methods.
- Students will explain the botanical and geographical origin of the plants they choose to grow in the Tower Garden.
- Students will plan, design and plant an indoor vertical garden using hydroponics and aeroponics and transfer to the outside garden.
- Students will plan and design the outdoor gardens using the plants from the GrowLab© container and Greenhouse and transfer to the outside garden.
- Use composting as an opportunity to discuss decomposition and sustainable practices.
- Students will plan and design the outdoor gardens using the plants from the Greenhouse and transfer them to the Vertical Garden.
- Students will transplant material from the Greenhouse to the Vertical Garden.

	1 Unit Standards		Pacing	
Curriculum Unit 3			Days	Unit Days
Unit 3:	MS-LS1-6	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.	3	
Sustainability and Vertical	MS-LS1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.	3	
Gardens	MS-ESS3-1	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes.	2	17
	MS-ESS3-2	Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects	2	
	MS-ESS3-3	Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.	2	
	MS-ESS3-4	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.	2	
		Assessment, Re-teach and Extension	3	

Unit 3 Grade 8				
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator		
LS1.C: Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms Plants, algae (including phytoplankton), and many microorganisms use the energy from light to make sugars (food) from carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and water through the process of photosynthesis, which also	MS-LS1-6	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.		
releases oxygen. These sugars can be used immediately or stored for growth or later use. (MS-LS1-6) Within individual organisms, food moves through a series of chemical reactions in which it is broken down and	MS-LS1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.		
rearranged to form new molecules, to support growth, or to release energy. (MS-LS1-7) ESS3.A: Natural Resources Humans depend on Earth's land, ocean, atmosphere, and biosphere for many different resources. Minerals, fresh water, and biosphere resources are limited, and many are not renewable or replaceable over human lifetimes. These resources are distributed unevenly around the planet as a result of past geologic processes. (MS-ESS3-1)	MS-ESS3-1	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes.		

ESS3.B: Natural Hazards	MS-ESS3-2	Analyze and interpret data on natural
Mapping the history of natural hazards in a region,		hazards to forecast future catastrophic
combined with an understanding of related geologic		events and inform the development of
forces can help forecast the locations and likelihoods of		technologies to mitigate their effects.
future events. (MS-ESS3-2)		
ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems		
Human activities have significantly altered the biosphere,		
sometimes damaging or destroying natural habitats and		
causing the extinction of other species. But changes to		
Earth's environments can have different impacts		
(negative and positive) for different living things. (MS-		
ESS3-3)		
Typically as human populations and per-capita	MS-ESS3-3	Apply scientific principles to design a
consumption of natural resources increase, so do the		method for monitoring and minimizing a
negative impacts on Earth unless the activities and		human impact on the environment.
technologies involved are engineered otherwise.	MC FCC2 4	
(MSESS3-3),(MS-ESS3-4)	MS-ESS3-4	Construct an argument supported by
		evidence for how increases in human
		population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
		natural resources impact Earth's systems.

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Unit 3. Sustamability and Vertical Gardens Unit 3 Grade 8			
Assessment Plan			
 Exploratory activities Warm-up activities Individual/Group Lab report Class discussions Student Participation Teacher Observations Teacher-created assessments Open-Ended Response rubric 	 Presentations Interactive Notebook Garden Journal Observations and Reflections Google Suite for Education Assessment Tools (Google Docs, Google Slides) Vertical Garden Showcase (April) Google Suite for Education Assessment Tools (Google Docs, Google Slides) Engineer's Design Challenges 		
Resources	Activities		
 Chromebooks Textbook Web Quests Interactive notebooks Science World Compound Light and Digital microscopes Virtual Labs Edpuzzle BrainPOP Tower Garden Educator Resources Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/ 	 Create a table in the interactive notebook outlining the 3 Pillars of Sustainability. Create a Google Slideshow demonstrating the 3 Pillars of Sustainability. Use the Engineer's Design Process to investigate the life cycle of a product and discover ways to combat waste. Design and build a working hydroponic vertical farm. Plant, label and record observations of seeds and plugs that are placed into small pots in the Tower Garden. September-October: Harvesting Garden Clean-up New Garden Preparation Fall Planting Composting November-December: Planning Spring Planting Choose Crops for Spring planting Develop planting schedule 		

	January:		
	Begin planting in the Tower Garden System		
	February-March:		
Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars			
1. Identifying similarities and differences 6. Cooperative learning			
2. Summarizing and note taking	7. Setting objectives and providing feedback		
3. Reinforcing effort and providing recognition	8. Generating and testing hypotheses		
4. Homework and practice	9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers		
5. Nonlinguistic representations	10. Manage response rates		

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Unit 3: Sustainability and Vertical Gardens

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

- 9.1.8.CR.3: Relate the importance of consumer, business, and government responsibility to the economy and personal finance.
- 9.1.8.CR.4: Examine the implications of legal and ethical behaviors when making financial decisions.
- 9.1.8.CP.1: Compare prices for the same goods or services.
- 9.1.8.PB.1: Predict future expenses or opportunities that should be included in the budget planning process.
- 9.1.8.PB.7: Brainstorm techniques that will help decrease expenses including comparison shopping, negotiating, and day-to-day expense management.

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Unit 3: Sustainability and Vertical Gardens

Modifications for Special Education/504

Students with special needs: The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignment. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

- Small group instruction
- Audio books/ Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Modeling and guided practice
- Read directions aloud
- Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions
- Extended time as needed
- Break down assignments into smaller units
- Provide shortened assignments
- Modify testing format
- Repeat directions as needed
- Graphic organizers
- Study Guides, Study Aids and Re teaching as needed

Unit 3: Sustainability and Vertical Gardens

Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations

- Audio books and Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Extended time as needed
- Read directions aloud
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Recognize success
- Provide timelines for work completion
- Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide copy of class notes and graphic organizer

English Language Learners	Modifications for Gifted Students
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors Grades 6-8 WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Reading Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include: Relate to and identify commonalities in Science studies in student's home country Assist with organization Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Teacher Modeling Peer Modeling Label Classroom Materials - Word Walls	Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic. Raise levels of intellectual demands Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Additional Strategies may be located at the links: Gifted Programming Standards Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs

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Unit 3: Sustainability and Vertical Gardens

Interdisciplinary Connections

ELA:

RST.6-8.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

RST.6-8.7 Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

WHST.6-8.1 Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

WHST.6-8.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

WHST.6-8.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

Math:

7.EE.B.4 Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.

7.RP.A.2 Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

8.1.8.IC.1: Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect individual's everyday activities and career options.

8.1.8.DA.1: Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific purpose.

8.1.8.DA.6: Analyze climate change computational models and propose refinements.